# SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR)



#### Vasco Skytec H 600 Section 1. Identification **Product identifier** : Vasco Skytec H 600 Article No. : 02880-01 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against **Identified uses** Industrial use only. Metal working fluids **Uses advised against** Consumer use. Manufactured/supplied : BLASER SWISSLUBE AG Winterseistrasse 22 CH-3415 Hasle-Rüegsau Switzerland Tel:+41 (0)34 460 01 01 Mail: contact@blaser.com Blaser Swisslube Inc. 31 Hatfield Lane Goshen, NY 10924 Tel:+1 845 294 32 00 Mail: mailboxusa@blaser.com e-mail address of person : reach@blaser.com responsible for this SDS **Emergency telephone** : +1 800 579 7421 (toll free) number (with hours of operation) Section 2. Hazard identification **Classification of the** : SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A substance or mixture

**GHS label elements** Hazard pictograms



Signal word	:	Warning
Hazard statements	:	H315 - Causes skin irritation. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.



# Section 2. Hazard identification

Response	: 🗗 302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
	P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
	P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
	P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.
	Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
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# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	Identifiers
2-(2-aminoethoxy)ethanol	≥1 - <5	CAS: 929-06-6
3-Amino-4-octanol	≥1 - <5	CAS: 1001354-72-8
2-amino-2-methylpropanol	≥1 - <5	CAS: 124-68-5
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	≥1 - <5	CAS: 64742-56-9
2-phenylphenol (ISO)	≥1 - <5	CAS: 90-43-7
2-aminobutan-1-ol	≥1 - <5	CAS: 96-20-8

#### Additional information :

Neutralisation product: Equilibrium of Ionic Pairs according to REACH Annex V, 4.

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and would require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.



3/11 CA

# Section 4. First-aid measures

Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms/e	ffects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>ets</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	o <u>toms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.



# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Special</b>	protective
equipme	ent for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions,	protective equip	ment and emergency	procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions		Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	<u>ainment and cleaning up</u>
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling		
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 40°C (32 to 104°F). Shelf life: 12 months. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.



#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
₱istillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids (pure, highly and severely refined)] TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Inhalable particulate matter CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) [Oil] OEL 8 hours: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Mist. OEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Mist.

#### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measur	<u>es</u>	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Nitrile gloves. thickness 0.3 mm (minimum).
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved before handling this product.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	-	A respirator is not needed under normal and intended conditions of product use. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators.





# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

: Liquid.
: Tan.
: Amine-like.
: Not available.
<b>∶</b> 8.9 to 9.8 [Conc. (% w/w): 5%]
: Not available.
: 🗾 7°C (-16.6°F)
: Not available.
: Open cup: Not applicable.
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Ø.954 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)]
: Not available.
:

	Media		Result
	old water		Dispersible Dispersible
Mi	Miscible with water : Yes		Yes.
Partition coefficient: n- : Not applicable. octanol/water		Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.		Not available.	
Decomposition temperature : Not available.		Not available.	
Kinem		:	Øynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 141 mm²/s (141 cSt)

Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: Shelf life: 12 months.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5. Dec 2024 Date of previous issue : 27. Apr 2024 Version 1.02: 6/11 CA



# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

# Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-(2-aminoethoxy)ethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3000 mg/kg	-
2-amino-2-methylpropanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
2-phenylphenol (ISO)	LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit Rat	>5000 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg 2700 mg/kg	- -

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin	: pH value - Used for classifica	ation
Eyes	: pH value - Used for classifica	ation

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

#### Mutagenicity

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	IARC	NTP	ACGIH
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	-	-	A4

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
2-phenylphenol (ISO)	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

# Section 11. Toxicological information

routes of exposure	1	
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	÷	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	;	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the	he physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effec	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure			
<u>Short term exposure</u>				
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.			
Long term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.			
Potential chronic health effects				
Not available.				
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
<mark>∛</mark> asco Skytec H 600	>2000	>2000	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-(2-aminoethoxy)ethanol	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
3-Amino-4-octanol	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-amino-2-methylpropanol	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-phenylphenol (ISO)	2700	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-aminobutan-1-ol	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A





# Section 11. Toxicological information

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-phenylphenol (ISO)	10	Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	48 hours 48 hours 96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-(2-aminoethoxy)ethanol	-1.89	-	Low
3-Amino-4-octanol	1.3	-	Low
2-amino-2-methylpropanol	-0.63	-	Low
2-phenylphenol (ISO)	3.18	-	Low
2-aminobutan-1-ol	-0.45	-	Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition
coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

**Other adverse effects** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liner may retain some product reciduos. Avoid dispersel of spilled material and
	liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers

# Section 14. Transport information

	TDG Classification	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-

Blaser.

# Section 14. Transport information

Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### Canadian lists Canadian NPRI

- : None of the components are listed.
- **CEPA Toxic substances** : None of the components are listed.

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

#### Inventory list

- Canada : At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.
- United States : All components are active or exempted.

### Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 5. Dec 2024
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5. Dec 2024
Date of previous issue	: 27. Apr 2024
Version	: 1.02
Prepared by	: Product Stewardship Blaser Swisslube AG
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group



### Section 16. Other information

UN = United Nations

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
	Expert judgment Expert judgment

References

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

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